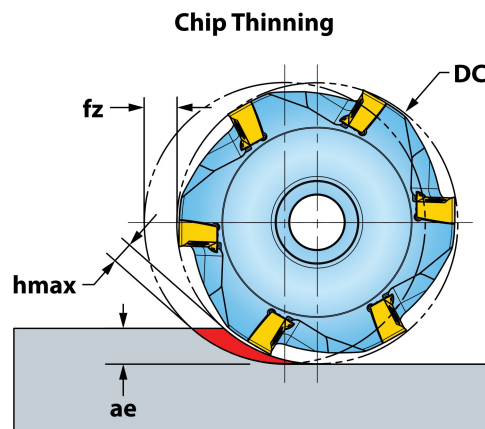


**DIPOSDUO™ 06 OPERATING GUIDELINES: 90°**



\* Chip Thinning Calculator is recommended to ensure hmax is within fz range.

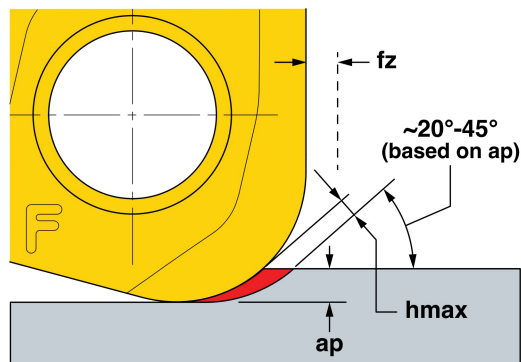
Materials				Vc Cutting Speed SFM	fz* Feed/Tooth (inch)	Harder ..... Tougher							Coolant
ISO	Mat'l Group #VDI 3323	Type	Examples			IN2504	IN10K	IN2510	IN6515	IN2505	IN2530	IN2035	
<b>P</b>	1 thru 5	Non-alloy Steel	1018, A36, 1045, A572, 1070	400-1000	.003-.006								No
	6 thru 9	Low-alloy Steel	4140, 4340, P20, 8620, 300M	350-700						2	1		
	10, 11	High-alloy Steel	H13, A2, D2, M2, T1	300-600									
<b>M</b>	12 thru 13	Stainless Steel (Ferritic & Martensitic)	410, 416, 440	350-600	.003-.005					2	1		Yes
	14	Stainless Steel (Austenitic)	303, 304, 316, 15-5, 17-4	300-550						3	2	1	May not be required at high speeds
<b>K</b>	15 thru 16	Gray Cast Iron	CLS. 20, 30, 45	500-1000	.003-.007	2		1	3				No
	17 thru 20	Nodular Cast Iron	60-40-18, 100-70-03	400-800		3		2	1				
<b>N</b>	21 - 30	Aluminum	7075, 6061	1000-3000	.003-.009		1						Yes
<b>S</b>	31 thru 35	High-Temp Alloys	Inconel, Hastelloy, Nimonic, Monel	65-200	.003-.005					2	3	1	Yes
	36 thru 37	Titanium Alloys	6Al-4V, 5Al-5Mo-5V-3Cr	85-200						3	2	1	
<b>H</b>	38 thru 39	Hardened Steel >48	A2, O1, D2	130-250	.003-.004	1				2			No

Note: Feed and speed recommendations are starting operating parameters. They are only guidelines from which further optimization should take place. Operating parameters are influenced by many machining variables. These variables may cause for reductions in feeds and speed or dramatic increases. Additionally, DOC and WOC may need to be revised to optimize the tools performance.



## DIPOSDUO™ 06 OPERATING GUIDELINES: HI-FEED

Chip Thinning



\* Chip Thinning Calculator is recommended to ensure hmax is within range.

Materials				Vc Cutting Speed SFM	fz Feed/Tooth (inch)	ap Axial Depth of Cut (inch)	hmax* Chip Thick- ness Min. (inch)	Harder ..... Tougher			Coolant
ISO	Mat'l Group #VDI 3323	Type	Examples					IN2504	IN2505	IN2530	
<b>P</b>	1 thru 5	Non-alloy Steel	1018, A36, 1045, A572, 1070	400-1000	.008-.020	.008-.024	.003-.008		2	1	No
	6 thru 9	Low-alloy Steel	4140, 4340, P20, 8620, 300M	350-700							
	10, 11	High-alloy Steel	H13, A2, D2, M2, T1	300-600							
<b>M</b>	12 thru 13	Stainless Steel (Ferritic & Martensitic)	410, 416, 440	350-600	.008-.015	.008-.024	.003-.006	2	1		Yes
	14	Stainless Steel (Austenitic)	303, 304, 316, 15-5, 17-4	300-550							May not be required at high speeds
<b>K</b>	15 thru 16	Gray Cast Iron	CLS. 20, 30, 45	500-1000	.008-.025	.008-.024	.003-.009	1	2		No
	17 thru 20	Nodular Cast Iron	60-40-18, 100-70-03	400-800							
<b>S</b>	31 thru 35	High-Temp Alloys	Inconel, Hastelloy, Nimonic, Monel	65-200	.008-.015	.008-.024	.003-.006		1	2	Yes
	36 thru 37	Titanium Alloys	6Al-4V, 5Al-5Mo-5V-3Cr	85-200					2	1	
<b>H</b>	38 thru 39	Hardened Steel >48	A2, O1, D2	130-250	.008-.012	.008-.020	.003-.005	1	2		No

Note: Feed and speed recommendations are starting operating parameters. They are only guidelines from which further optimization should take place. Operating parameters are influenced by many machining variables. These variables may cause for reductions in feeds and speed or dramatic increases. Additionally, DOC and WOC may need to be revised to optimize the tools performance.